SUMMONS LOCAL RU	SISSUED UNITED STATES LE 4.1 FOR THE DISTRICT C	DISTRICT COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS
MCF ISSU BY DPTY.	ED	CIVIL ACTION NO
DATE_	PATRICIA BERGEVINE, Plaintiff,	AF 11

CIVIL ACTION NO.:

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PEASE & CURREN, INC., PEASE & CURREN MATERIALS, INC., FRANCIS H. CURREN, JR., ROBERT H. PEASE, JR., FRANCIS H. CURREN, III A/K/A KIP CURREN, AND MEREDITH A. CURREN. Defendants.

05 11395 RCL

MAGISTRATE JUDGE BALLO -

COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This is a civil action for (i) breach of contract; (ii) fraud; (iii) violations of the Racketeer Influence and Corrupt Organization Act (RICO), 18 U.S.C. §§ 1962(a)-(d); (iv) negligence; (v) negligent misrepresentation; (vi) negligent infliction of emotional distress; and (vii) intentional infliction of emotional distress arising from the Defendants Pease & Curren, Inc., Pease & Curren Materials, Inc., Francis H. Curren, Jr., Robert H. Pease, Jr., Francis H. Curren, III a/k/a Kip Curren and Meredith A. Curren's (hereinafter the "Defendants") fraudulent business practices committed during the Plaintiff Patricia Bergevine's (hereinafter the "Plaintiff") employment with the Defendants.

PARTIES

1. The Plaintiff Patricia Bergevine ("Bergevine") is an individual residing at 428 South Street, Plainville, Norfolk County, Commonwealth of Massachusetts, 02762.

- 2. The Defendant Pease & Curren, Inc. ("Pease & Curren") is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Rhode Island having its principal place of business located at 75 Pennsylvania Avenue, Warwick, Rhode Island, 02888.
- The Defendant Pease & Curren Materials, Inc. ("Pease & Curren Materials") is a 3. corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Rhode Island having its principal place of business located at 75 Pennsylvania Avenue, Warwick, Rhode Island, 02888.
- The Defendant Francis H. Curren, Jr. ("Curren, Jr.") is an individual residing at 7 4. Newport Street, Jamestown, State of Rhode Island.
- 5. The Defendant Robert H. Pease, Jr. ("Pease") is an individual residing at 263 Wickford Point Road, North Kingstown, State of Rhode Island.
- 6. The Defendant Francis H. Curren, III ("Curren, III") a/k/a Kip Curren is an individual residing at 23 William Drive, Middletown, State of Rhode Island.
- 7. The Defendant Meredith A. Curren ("M. Curren") is an individual residing at 1274 Narragansett Boulevard, Cranston, State of Rhode Island. Meredith Curren is currently the President of Pease & Curren and Pease & Curren Materials.

JURISDICTION

- 8. The United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts has proper jurisdiction over this matter by reason of complete diversity of citizenship of the parties, and the jurisdictional amount in controversy. 28 U.S.C.A. § 1332 and § 1335. The matter in controversy exceeds, exclusive of interest and costs, Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars and 01/100 (\$75,000.01).
- This action also arises under the Racketeer Influence and Corrupt Organization 9. Act, 18 U.S.C.A. § 1964, as hereinafter more fully appears.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- Working as an independent contractor, and later an employee, the Plaintiff 10. Patricia Bergevine ("Bergevine") was a dental account representative for the Defendants from August, 1996 to June, 2002.
- At all relevant times herein, the Defendants Pease & Curren and Pease & Curren 11. Materials were in the business of refining precious metals for various industries. Pease & Curren maintains business relationships with clients throughout the United States.
- 12. The Plaintiff introduced the Defendants to her various contacts in the dental industry located throughout the United States.
- At all material times, Curren Jr. was the Chairman, Pease was the President. 13. Curren, III, was the Vice President, and M. Curren was the Chief Financial Officer at Pease & Curren and Pease & Curren Materials.
- 14. Prior to Bergevine's employment relationship with the Defendants, Pease & Curren and Pease & Curren Materials did not actively market and solicit the dental profession in an effort to obtain various precious metals for refining.
- 15. The Plaintiff primarily worked from her home in Massachusetts.
- Approximately one (1) day per week, the Plaintiff would attend work at the offices 16. of the Defendants Pease & Curren and Pease & Curren Materials in Warwick, Rhode Island.
- The Plaintiff's primary responsibility was to solicit business, including attending 17. trade shows, making telephone sales calls and following up on client contacts.

- 18. In exchange for her work, from August, 1996 until December, 2001, the Defendants paid the Plaintiff a stipend of Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00) per week for the first two (2) years and Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) per week, thereafter.
- 19. Additionally, for each job or "lot" that she brought to the Defendants, the Plaintiff received a commission of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) in the first two (2) years, and Seventy-Five Dollars (\$75.00) thereafter.
- 20. Finally, the Plaintiff would receive additional commissions for each job or "lot" based on the total weight of each of the metals refined.
- 21. For a "melt job", the Plaintiff would receive One Dollar (\$1.00) for each troy ounce of each metal received and for a "sweep", the Plaintiff would receive Five Dollars (\$5.00) for each troy ounce of each metal recovered.
- 22. The Defendants would prepare a report (hereinafter, "Report") from each "lot" refined or "assayed" and would then issue a check to the client based on the market value of the respective total weight of each of the metals comprising the lot.
- 23. The Plaintiff prepared and submitted monthly invoices for her commission based upon the Reports provided to her by the Defendants.
- 24. The Defendants paid the Plaintiff once a week for the stipend and once a month for commissions with a company check.
- 25. The checks were issued from Pease & Curren's payroll department and were signed by Pease.
- 26. In or around December, 2001, the Defendants modified the Plaintiff's employment terms and hired the Plaintiff as a salaried employee of the corporation.

- 27. Based upon the amount of money received by the Plaintiff for the partial year of employment through June, 2002, the Plaintiff's annual compensation would have been approximately One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00), including the commissions on the lots, melts and sweeps as previously described herein.
- 28. Throughout the course of her employment relationship with the Defendants, the Plaintiff regularly received phone calls and letters from a number of her clients asking for the Defendants to re-assay the lots, because the weights and corresponding reimbursements seemed low by their previous numbers.
- 29. The majority of the times that a lot was re-assayed, the Defendants would claim that the original numbers were correct.
- 30. In June, 2002, a colleague of the Plaintiff discovered another database at the Defendants' offices in Warwick, RI containing files with reports detailing different amounts for many of the lots.
- 31. The colleague informed the Plaintiff of the additional database and further indicated to the Plaintiff that the reports in the database contained the actual amount of each metal refined on each lot.
- 32. After comparing the files in the database to those reports that the Plaintiff and the clients received from the Defendants, the Plaintiff and her colleague discovered that the Defendants were systematically lowering the reported weights and percentage of metals recovered to defraud their clients, employees and the Plaintiff.
- 33. By lowering the amount of weight or percentage of each metal recovered, the Defendants paid less money to the clients and fewer commissions to the Plaintiff, and concealed the actual value of the lots assayed and recovered.

- 34. The Plaintiff reviewed the fraudulent documentation and then, in June, 2002, the Plaintiff contacted the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI") to report the fraud.
- 35. On the advice of the FBI, the Plaintiff gave her notice to the Defendants in July, 2002 and left immediately thereafter.
- 36. The Plaintiff immediately began to suffer nightmares, stomach illness and constant fear, anxiety and panic relating to the discovery and reporting of the fraud.
- 37. In or around June, 2003, after a year of panic attacks, stomach illness and nightmares, the Plaintiff began treating with a physician and taking medication for her distress.
- 38. Soon after the report was made to the FBI, the FBI requested that the Rhode Island Financial Crimes Unit of the State Police take over the investigation and that investigation is ongoing.
- 39. Upon information and belief, the Defendants systematically defrauded their clients and the Plaintiff in order to conceal the actual amounts of metals refined and recovered.
- 40. Upon information and belief, the Plaintiff estimates that she has been defrauded in payment of commissions in the approximate total amount of One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00).
- 41. The Defendants derived a significant amount of income from their fraudulent conduct.
- 42. Upon information and belief, the Defendants invested some part of the fraudulently derived income into the business in which they are currently engaged, i.e. the business of refining metals, and into other enterprises.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

COUNTI

Breach of Contract

(Bergevine v. Pease & Curren, Inc. and Pease & Curren Materials, Inc.)

- 43. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1-42, as though fully set forth herein.
- 44. The Plaintiff performed work as a dental account representative for the Defendants from August, 1996 to June, 2002.
- 45. The Defendants would prepare a report from each lot assayed and refined and would then issue a check to the client based on the market value of the weights and percentages of the metals refined and recovered.
- 46. The Plaintiff prepared and submitted monthly invoices for her commission based upon the reports.
- 47. The Defendants paid the Plaintiff with checks issued by Pease & Curren, and the checks were issued from Pease & Curren's payroll department and signed by the President, Pease.
- 48. In or around December, 2001, the Defendants modified the Plaintiff's employment terms and hired the Plaintiff as a salaried employee of the corporation with an average salary of approximately One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000,00) per year including the commissions on the lots, melts and sweeps as described herein.
- 49. Based upon the course of dealing between the Plaintiff, as an Independent Contractor, and the Defendants, as the recipient of her efforts, as well as the Plaintiff's salaried employment with the Defendants, the Plaintiff and the Defendants maintained

an Employment Contract (the "Contract") regarding the terms of the Plaintiff's employment.

- In accordance with that Contract, the Defendants had a duty to pay the Plaintiff 50. as agreed.
- The Defendants breached that duty by systematically defrauding the Plaintiff. 51.
- 52. Specifically, by submitting falsified reports to the Plaintiff containing lower amounts of the weights of the metals refined, the Defendants caused the Plaintiff to be paid less than the amount called for by the Contract.
- 53. If the Defendants had not falsified the reports, the Plaintiff would have received significantly more income on the lots that she secured for Pease & Curren.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff seeks judgment against the Defendants for a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest, attorneys' fees and court costs.

<u>COUNT II</u>

- 54. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1-53, as though fully set forth herein.
- 55. By intentionally and systematically falsifying the reports from the assays of the lots brought in by the Plaintiff, the Defendants materially misrepresented certain facts to the Plaintiff regarding the amounts of metals recovered, thereby causing the Plaintiff to base her invoices for payment upon falsified reports.
- 56. The Defendants intended the Plaintiff to rely on the falsified reports in order to pay her less money in commissions.

- A substantial portion of the Plaintiff's income was based upon the reports and the 57. Plaintiff relied upon the falsified information.
- The Plaintiff reasonably relied on the representations of the Defendants to her 58. detriment.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff has suffered monetary damages in the approximate amount of One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00) as a result of the Defendants' fraudulent conduct and demands judgment against the Defendants in an amount to be proven at trial, plus interest and court costs.

COUNT !!! Violations of the Racketeer Influence and Corrupt Organizations Act (RICO), 18 U.S.C. §§ 1962 et. seq.

- 59. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1-58, as though fully set forth herein.
- 60. The Defendants are engaged in an enterprise which affects interstate commerce.
- 61. The Defendants systematically defrauded the Plaintiff, and their clients, by misrepresenting the amounts of metals refined on the lots received.
- By preparing false reports, the Defendants derived income from the additional 62. metals refined.
- 63. The Defendants also derived income by paying lower commissions to the Plaintiff based upon the numbers reported in the falsified records.
- 64. The Defendants are each a "person" under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1962 et. seg.
- 65. The Defendants used or invested, directly or indirectly, part of that income or the proceeds of that income, to continue the operation of the enterprise in which they are engaged.

- 66. Upon information and belief, the Defendants used or invested, directly or indirectly, part of that income or the proceeds of that income to acquire an interest in, establish or operate other enterprises.
- 67. The Plaintiff suffered a racketeering injury by reason of the Defendants' pattern of racketeering behavior.
- 68. Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1964 (c), the Plaintiff is entitled to treble damages and attorneys' fees.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff has suffered monetary damages as a result of the Defendants' violations of the Racketeer Influence and Corrupt Organizations Act and demands judgment against the Defendants in an amount to be proven at trial, plus treble damages, interest, court costs and attorneys' fees.

Negligence

- 69. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1-68, as though fully set forth herein.
- 70. The Defendants negligently and carelessly maintained, supervised and operated the business practices of Pease & Curren.
- 71. In accordance with their Contract with Bergevine, the Defendants had a duty to maintain, supervise and operate their business lawfully.
- 72. The Defendants also had a duty to provide accurate assay Reports to the Plaintiff in order to accurately determine the amount of her commissions.

73. By allowing inaccurate reports to be submitted to the Plaintiff containing lower amounts of the weights of the metals refined and recovered, the Plaintiff received less commission monies than the amount to which she was entitled.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff has suffered damages as a result of the Defendants' negligent conduct and demands judgment against the Defendants in an amount to be proven at trial, plus interest and court costs.

COUNT V Negligent Misrepresentation

- 74. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1-73, as though fully set forth herein.
- 75. The Defendants negligently represented the terms of the Plaintiff's employment and the total amounts of weights refined upon which the Plaintiff relied.
- 76. The Defendants knew or should have known that the Plaintiff would reasonably rely on the Defendants' representations.
- 77. The Plaintiff relied upon the Defendants' representations to her detriment.
- 78. As a result of the foregoing, the Defendants have caused the Plaintiff to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff demands judgment against the Defendants for negligent misrepresentation and an award of damages in an amount to be proven at trial, plus interest and court costs.

COUNT VI Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress

79. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1-78, as though fully set forth herein.

- 80. The Defendants had a duty to conduct their business in accordance with state and federal laws.
- 81. The Defendants breached that duty by intentionally and systematically defrauding their clients and the Plaintiff.
- 82. The breach of that duty, and the Plaintiff's discovery and reporting of same, caused the Plaintiff to suffer nightmares, stomach illness and constant fear, anxiety and panic.
- 83. The symptoms experienced by the Plaintiff were reasonably foreseeable.
- 84. The Defendants' breach of their duty to conduct their business in accordance with state and federal laws has caused the Plaintiff to experience emotional distress and physical harm.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff demands judgment against the Defendants for negligent infliction of emotional distress and an award of damages in an amount to be proven at trial, plus interest and court costs.

COUNT V Intentional infliction of Emotional Distress

- 85. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1-84, as though fully set forth herein.
- 86. The Defendants had a duty to conduct their business in accordance with state and federal laws.
- 87. The Defendants breached that duty by intentionally and systematically defrauding their clients and the Plaintiff.

- 88. The systematic defrauding of the Defendants' clients and the Plaintiff, which was a violation of federal and state law, constitutes a reckless disregard of the probability that discovery of the fraud would cause emotional distress to the Plaintiff.
- 89. The act of an employer committing this type of fraud against its clients and employees is an extreme and outrageous act.
- 90. The falsification of the records by the Defendants, and the Plaintiff's subsequent discovery and reporting of same, caused the Plaintiff to suffer distress, including anxiety, nightmares, depression, stomach pain and phobias.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff demands judgment against the Defendants for intentional infliction of emotional distress and an award of damages in an amount to be proven at trial, plus interest and court costs.

THE PLAINTIFF HEREBY DEMANDS A JURY TRIAL ON ALL ISSUES SO TRIABLE.

Respectfully submitted, PATRICIA BERGEVINE, By her attorneys,

Gregory J. Aceto, Esq. (BBO No. 558556)
Erin J. Brennan, Esq. (BBO No. 660097)
JOHNSON & ACETO, P.C. 67 Batterymarch Street
Boston, MA 02110

(617) 728-0888

Dated: July 1, 2005

١.	Title of case (nan	ne of first party on each side only)	Bergevine	<u>v. F</u>	ease	& Cur	ren, I	nc.	
2.	Category in which rule 40.1(a)(1)).	ategory in which the case belongs based upon the numbered nature of suit code listed on the civil cover sheet. (See local size 40.1(a)(1)).							
	1.	160, 410, 470, 535, R.23, REGARDI	ESS OF NATURE OF	SUIT.					
	11.	195, 196, 368, 400, 440, 441-446, 54 740, 790, 791, 820*, 830*, 840*, 850	•		•	•		O 121 pyright cases	
	X III.	110, 120, 130, 140, 151, 190, 210, 2 315, 320, 330, 340, 345, 350, 355, 3 380, 385, 450, 891.							
	IV.	220, 422, 423, 430, 460, 480, 490, 5 690, 810, 861-865, 870, 871, 875, 90		, 640, 6	50, 660,				
	v.	150, 152, 153.							
		, if any, of related cases. (See local dicate the title and number of the fin			ne prior re	elated cas	se has been f	iled in this	
		plicable							
	Has a prior action	n between the same parties and base	ed on the same claim	ever b	een filed i	in this co	urt?		
	•			YES		NO	欧		
	Does the compla USC §2403)	int in this case question the constitu	utionality of an act of	congre	ss affecti	ng the pu	blic interest?	' (See 28	
				YES		NO			
	If so, is the U.S.A	or an officer, agent or employee of	the U.S. a party?	YES		NO			
	Is this case requi	red to be heard and determined by a	a district court of thre	e judge	s pursua	nt to title	28 USC §228	4?	
	•	·		YES		NO	X		
		ies in this action, excluding governi 'governmental agencies"), residing		side in t		division?			
				YES		NO			
	A.	If yes, in which division do all of the	_	parties	reside?			П	
		Eastern Division	Central Division	L.J		West	ern Division	L	
	В.	If no, in which division do the maj agencies, residing in Massachuse		or the o	nly partie	s, exclud	ling governm	ental	
		Eastern Division	Central Division			West	tern Division		
	-	of Removal - are there any motions pe e sheet identifying the motions)	ending in the state o	ourt rec	quiring th	e attentic	n of this Cou	ert? (If yes,	
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SJS 44 (Rev. 11/04)

CIVIL COVER SHE 5

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS		DEFENDANTS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Bergevine,	Patricia	Pease & 0	Pease & Curren, Inc., et. al.				
(b) County of Residence of	of First Listed Plaintiff Norfolk	County of Residence of	f First Listed Defendant	Kent			
	(CEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)		(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES O	ONLY)			
			NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED.				
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Gregory J. Ac	Address, and Telephone Number) 617-728-0 eto, Johnson & Aceto,	Attorneys (If Known)					
.67 Batterymar	ch Street, Boston, MA	02110					
	ICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff			
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	U.S. Government Not a Party)	(For Diversity Cases Only) P' Citizen of This State	TF DEF k¹ □ 1 Incorporated or Pr				
_		_	of Business In Thi				
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	Diversity (Indicate Cities whip of Postics in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2 Incorporated and F of Business In A				
	(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)	Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 G 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6			
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	(Place an "X" in One Box Only)	Toronga Comman					
CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES			
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Mecovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment ☐ 151 Medicare Act ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability ☐ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY ☐ 210 Land Condemnation ☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment ☐ 240 Torts to Land ☐ 245 Tort Product Liability ☐ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury CIVIL RIGHTS PRISONER PETITIO 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 444 Welfare 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 440 Other Civil Rights	620 Other Food & Drug 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 630 Liquor Laws 640 R.R. & Truck 650 Airline Regs. 660 Occupational Safety/Health 690 Other LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards 640 R.R. & Truck 650 Airline Regs. 660 Occupational Safety/Health 690 Other Cabor Communication 710 Fair Labor Standards 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting Act 740 Railway Labor Act 740 Railway Labor Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act 1625	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 810 Selective Service □ 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange □ 875 Customer Challenge □ 12 USC 3410 □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 892 Economic Stabilization Act □ 895 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 900Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes			
☑ 1 Original ☐ 2 R	an "X" in One Box Only) emoved from	☐ 4 Reinstated or Reopened 5 Trans anothe (speci	ferred from 6 Multidistr				
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	Brief description of cause:	2 and sec. 1335					
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	☐ CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTIO UNDER F.R.C.P. 23	esentation regar N DEMAND\$	ding weights CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint:			
VIII. RELATED CASE IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions): JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER				
DATE	SIGNATURE OF A	TTORNEY OF RECORD					
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RECEIPT# A	MOUNT APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUE)GF			